(LVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2774.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 1800.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 8, 1800.

ORDERED, That the act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, be published once in each week, for the term of eight weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, Mr. Cowan's paper at Easton, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and in Green, English, and Co's. paper, at George-town.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the governor and council.

An ACT to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred.

BE *it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That William Marbury be agent of this state, to execute the trust and power reposed in him by virtue of this act, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, until the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and one.

II. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent superintend the collection of all arrearages and balances due from the several collectors of the respective counties within this state; and the said agent is hereby authorised and required to call upon the treasurers of the respective shores for an accurate statement of all arrearages and balances due from such collectors, and such accounts shall be furnished by the said treasurers accordingly.

III. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent be authorised to superintend the collection of balances due to the state on the auditor's books, or on open account; and the said agent shall have power to require payment of, and, if necessary, to sue for and recover the same; and the said agent, with the approbation of the governor and council, may make composition with any such debtors, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for payment, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred.

IV. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent be authorised to superintend the collection of all monies due to the state for naval duties, fines, penalties, forfeitures and amerciaments, and forfeited recognizances, and for ordinary, retailers and marriage licences, and to require payment, and, if necessary, sue for and recover the same; and the said agent may allow for insolvencies, and credit any money that the party is not chargeable with by law, and for his information of the law, he may take the advice of the attorney-general in writing.

V. *And be it enacted*, That whenever there shall be occasion to expose to public sale the property of any collector, or his securities, by virtue of any execution already issued, or to be issued for this purpose, the said agent shall cause at least thirty days public notice to be given of such sale, and shall attend the same, and if it shall appear that there is danger of losing any part of the debt due to the state, and not otherwise, shall purchase any property so exposed to sale for the use of the state, in payment, or part payment, as the case may be, of the arrearages due by the collectors whose property may be so purchased, and that no purchase authorised by this act shall be considered as made on the part of the state, unless a public declaration to that effect be made by the agent, or his deputy, immediately after such sale and purchase; and any property so purchased for the use of the state, the said agent may again expose to public auction on the most advantageous terms, for the use of the state, and if the same be sold on credit, which shall in no case exceed the term of two years, the said agent shall take bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved of by the treasurer of the western shore, from the purchasers of such property, and all bonds by him so taken shall be deposited, with an accurate list thereof subscribed by him, in the treasury of the western shore, and shall be a lien upon the real property of such purchasers, and their securities from the respective dates, or so much thereof as is mentioned in the schedule thereto annexed.

VI. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent is hereby directed to dispose of all confiscated British property that remains unsold, and take bonds to the state, with sufficient security, and give time for the payment thereof, not exceeding two years from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, and that where the quantity of land in any one body subject to such sale exceeds the quantity of fifty acres, such land shall be disposed of at public sale, of the time and place of which sale at least thirty days previous notice shall be given by public advertisement; and that at the time of any sale by virtue of this act, the said agent shall make known that he only sells the right of this state thereto, and that the state doth not guaranty the title to the same, or any part thereof, but that the purchase must be in all respects at the risk of the purchaser.

VII. *And be it enacted*, That no payment in future by any officer or person indebted to the state shall be valid and effectual, unless made to the treasurer of the western or eastern shore, or to the agent, or unless made to the clerks and sheriffs of the several counties, in the cases where the said clerks and sheriffs are by law authorised to receive the same.

VIII. *And be it enacted*, That the agent shall have full power and authority, by and with the advice of the governor and council, in all cases of uninstalled debts, to take back any property heretofore purchased by any person, and not yet paid for, in cases where the person so having purchased, and his securities, are not capable of paying for the same, and to compromise the same upon terms and principles of equity and justice, by and with the advice and consent aforesaid; and the agent is hereby required to lay a particular statement of his proceedings under this section before the next session of assembly.

IX. *And be it enacted*, That the agent, with the approbation and consent of the governor and council, be and he is hereby authorised and empowered to compromise any suit depending in chancery with any state debtor, upon any terms in their judgment calculated to promote the interest of the state, and to obtain the speedy receipt of the sums due.

X. *And be it enacted*, That if, under the terms of any compromise made as aforesaid, the property heretofore purchased should be taken back and revested in the state, the same may be sold by the agent, and he is hereby authorised and empowered to sell the same at public sale, giving thirty days notice, on a credit of two years, payable one half of the principal, and the whole interest, annually, on the first day of December in each year, and the bonds, when taken, shall be returned to the treasury of the western shore, and reported to the general assembly at their session next ensuing the taking of such bonds.

XI. *And be it enacted*, That all cases in chancery, where no compromise under this act is effected, shall be placed under the direction of the agent, who is hereby authorised and required to call on the attorney-general to prosecute or defend the same to immediate final decision; and the governor and council are hereby authorised and empowered, at the request of the agent, in cases of difficulty, to aid the attorney-general, by employing any person to attend to surveys where necessary, or otherwise to assist in the prosecution or defence of said suits, which person or persons are to be paid out of the contingent fund of five hundred pounds; and the names of the persons so employed, together with the sum allowed for their services, to be laid before the general assembly at their next session.

XII. *And be it enacted*, That if any bond debtor to the state for confiscated property purchased, or otherwise, shall neglect to make payment agreeably to the condition of his bond, and sundry resolves of the general assembly, the said agent shall cause process to issue for the whole principal and interest then due, or shall proceed on any execution already issued, and served and suspended, as occasion may require, or, under the directions and with the approbation of the governor and council, he is hereby authorised to delay any execution as long as they may think expedient and necessary.

XIII. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent be authorised to superintend the collection of all balances due on bond taken for taxes due before the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three; and the said agent shall also superintend the collection of all balances due on bonds installed, or otherwise, for the emissions of paper money of one thousand seven hundred and sixty nine, and one thousand seven hundred and seventy-three.

XIV. *And be it enacted*, That no process shall issue against any of the public debtors, unless by the direction of the said agent.

XV. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall have power to fix such days of sale of property taken by *fieri facias*, at the suit of the state, as he may think proper, always taking care to give at least twenty days public notice thereof; and the said agent shall also have power to suspend the sales, from time to time, as he may think most to the advantage of the state.

XVI. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall pay into the treasury, in specie, the amount of all specie by him received in the discharge of the duties of this act.

XVII. *And be it enacted*, That in all cases where bonds shall be taken in virtue of this act, the bonds shall be a lien on the real property of the obligors from the date thereof, or on so much of the said real property as the governor and council shall think sufficient, to be particularly mentioned in a schedule to be annexed to the said bond, in which case it shall be a lien on the property contained in such schedule, and no more, such bond and schedule to be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore.

XVIII. *And be it enacted*, That all bonds taken in virtue of this act shall express the county in which the obligors respectively reside, and the treasurer of the western shore shall, within one month after he receives them respectively, cause them, with the schedule annexed to them, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the western shore, at the expence of the obligors; and a copy of the said record, certified under the hand and official seal of the said clerk, shall be as good evidence in any court of law or equity in this state as the original bond would be if it was produced; and if any of the obligors in any such bonds reside on the eastern shore, the said treasurer shall, within six months from the time he receives the same respectively, transmit to the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, in the same manner as papers on public service are transmitted, a copy of such bonds and schedules, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the western shore, to be recorded in the office of the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, at the expence of the obligors, and in such case a copy of the said record, certified as aforesaid by the clerk of the general court of the eastern shore, shall be good evidence as aforesaid.

XIX. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall render to the treasurer of the western shore distinct quarterly accounts of his receipts of all money, certificates and bonds, in virtue of this act, and shall immediately thereupon pay and deliver the same to the said treasurer, who shall, in his annual report to the general assembly, state fully and particularly the money, certificates and bonds, by him received from the said agent, and the times when the same were received and accounted for.

XX. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall render a fair and full account of his several proceedings under the authority of this act to the general assembly at their next session, and within the first ten days after its commencement, in which account shall be specified, under distinct heads, his own receipts, and those of the treasurer, and of all transfers of stock upon which he may be entitled to commission, and in which shall also be contained a particular estimate of his commission, shewing how and upon what the same arose due.

XXI. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall, within twenty days after the commencement of the next session of the general assembly, render to each branch of the legislature a fair and distinct account of the debts or sums of money due to the state, ranging the names of the debtors in alphabetical order, and give full and complete information of the manner in which, and the time when, each debt arose, and also the different steps and proceedings which have been taken by himself, or others, for the recovery thereof.

XXII. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent shall be allowed for his services the following commissions, to wit: for all payments actually made to either of the treasurers in virtue of this act, three per cent. and for all bonds taken by the said agent in virtue of this act, three per cent.

XXIII. *And be it enacted*, That the said agent, before he enters upon the execution of the duties of this act, shall give bond to the state, before the governor and council, in the penalty of sixty thousand dollars, with such security as the governor and council shall approve, for the faithful performance of the said duties, which bond shall be lodged with the treasurer of the western shore, and shall also take an oath before the chancellor, that he will well and faithfully discharge the duties as agent under the act, entitled, An act to appoint an agent for the year one thousand eight hundred, to the best of his skill and judgment, the certificate of which oath shall be annexed to, or endorsed on, the said bond.

XXIV. *And be it enacted*, That the agent be and he is hereby authorised and directed to collect any sum or sums of money due from persons resident without the state of Maryland, and, if necessary, sue therefor, and he is also authorised to employ counsel for the recovery of the same, and give such fee as he may think reasonable, and draw on the treasurer of the western shore therefor, who is hereby authorised to pay the amount of such order.

XXV. *And be it enacted*, That if the said agent shall not accept his appointment, or if after his acceptance he shall not give bond, and take the oath aforesaid, before the first day of February next, or shall die, the governor and council are hereby authorised and requested to appoint a fit and proper person in his place, who shall have and execute all the authorities and powers vested in the said William Marbury by this act, such person first giving security, and taking the oath aforesaid.

Notice to State Debtors.

THE Agent requests all debtors to the State of Maryland to discharge their respective balances on or before the tenth day of March next, immediately thereafter all lawful means will be taken to enforce payment, and all penalties incurred by the delinquent clerks and sheriffs will be exacted.

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent.

PARIS, December 2.

Santhonax, after having passed a decade in the Conciergerie, has been for some days at liberty.

Alquier, formerly minister to Bavaria, is appointed ambassador to Spain.

Variations are every day made in the new constitution, which was promised us by the end of the month at the latest. This proves that the citizens to whose care it is intrusted, wish to justify our confidence: that none of them is obstinately attached to his own opinion. There is an end of all mention of the great elector for life, an office which too much resembles the title which we have proscribed. The plan, of which we have given a sketch, has undergone several other important modifications. The two commissions were yesterday to divide themselves into three sections, each of which repaired to one of the three consuls to communicate to him the name of him who had the greatest number of votes. Some persons have spread a report that there is a schism between two public men, whose union is of considerable interest to the public cause. We believe we can give them an assurance that there is no foundation for their uneasiness.

It is said that Buonaparte, being a few days ago in company with a brilliant circle of ladies, dressed in white muslins, &c. all of English manufacture, expressed his astonishment, and something of displeasure, at seeing that the national stuffs were despised, and that preference was given to merchandise fabricated by our enemies; immediately our patriotic ladies resolved to order robes, stays, spencers, shawls and douillettes for the winter, all of silk.

LONDON, December 13.

The Paris papers state, that the emperor of Germany has caused his arms to be placed in the royal palace, and all the public buildings of Turin; but the

inhabitants, not having the leaſt deſire to become Auſtrians, covered the Imperial arms with dirt.

On the 17th of May the late Tippoo Sultan's horſes, elephants and camels, were delivered over in Purnea's Tent to lieutenants Cloſe and Dallas, and captains Macauly and Montgomery;—3120 horſes were reckoned on this occaſion, 99 elephants and 175 camels, the late ſultan's private property.

BOSTON, February 24.

THE AMERICAN ENVOYS

Have arrived at Liſbon. This agreeable information was brought by captain Matchet, who arrived here on Saturday laſt from Cadiz. The intelligence was received at that place by letters from Liſbon, dated the beginning of December.

Extract of a letter from Cadiz, December 7.

"Our government has juſt received a proclamation, conceived in the following terms: "That the caſes of ſhips detained or captured by French privateers, and brought into Spaniſh ports, are to be examined by the competent courts in France, and not by the French conſuls reſident in Spain, who hitherto have poſſeſſed faculty to judge definitively in ſuch cates."

NIAGARA, *(U. Canada)* February 8.

The duke of Kent is appointed to the lord-lieutenancy of Ireland; and lieutenant-governor Hunter, to be governor-general of Britiſh America.

Leave has been given by his grace the duke of Portland to our half-pay officers to enter into the ſervice of the United States; in conſequence of which, ſeveral of this deſcription, reſiding in that country, have taken commiſſions, and are now doing duty in the proviſional regiments.

NEW-YORK, March 4.

We mentioned yeſterday, on the authority of a Boſton paper, that prizes taken by French cruiſers, and carried into Spain, were not any longer to be tried by the conſuls of the republic in the Spaniſh dominions, but by the courts of France. The latter part of this intelligence is contradicted in the following

Extract of a letter from Malaga, dated Dec. 3d, received in this city.

"Laſt poſt an order came from Madrid, informing, that in conſequence of the repeated remonſtrances of the ambaſſadors of all neutral powers, and conſidering the eſtabliſhment of French conſular tribunals in the Spaniſh ports as an uſurped right, never having been recognized by the court; his Catholic majeſty inſtructs the captains generals of the various diſtricts, to take cognizance of all prizes ſent by cruiſers, of whatever nation they may be, into the ports of Spain, and the conſuls ſhall only treat as ſimple agents in the ſame."

WASHINGTON, February 10.

Female intrepidity.

Samuel Dille, living on Wille's creek, a branch of the Muſkingham, and his wife, went in ſearch of two ſteers which had ſtrayed from them. Having proceeded ſome diſtance from the houſe they heard the diſtant tinkling of cow-bells when Mr. Dille, ſuppoſing it to be his ſteers, immediately proceeded in the direction whence the ſound came, leaving Mrs. Dille with the horſes and his gun in charge. In his abſence the dog treed two young bears, one of which Mrs. Dille ſhot and loading her gun wounded the other ſo that it fell from the tree. The dog ſeizing it, its cries brought the old bear to its relief. But this heroine, in no wiſe diſmayed, having again loaded her gun, had juſt diſpatched the dam, when her huſband, alarmed at the report of the gun, returned.

PHILADELPHIA, March 6.

It is ſaid, that the Inſurgente frigate, captain Murray, is expected in this port, for the purpoſe of refitting.

Capt. Geddes, we underſtand, is now under trial before a court-martial ſitting in this city. He is charged with diſobedience of orders.

The new frigate Philadelphia, captain Decatur, haled off this day. Her recruiting has been very ſucceſsful; and it is expected ſhe will put to ſea in 8 or 10 days.

Yeſterday, in ſenate, Mr. Tracy called for the reſolution for the appointment of a committee of privileges, to inquire who is the editor of the Aurora, &c. &c. laid on the table ſome days ago.

A member then propoſed the following amendment, which, after conſiderable diſcuſſion, was negatived—Ayes 11, Noes 16:

Between the word "ſenate," and the word "and," in the fourth line from the end—inſert "and that the ſaid committee be alſo directed to inquire, who is the editor of the news-paper printed in the ſaid city, called "Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiſer." And by what means the ſaid editor became poſſeſſed of the votes of the ſenate on the bill ſent from the houſe of repreſentatives, for ſuſpending the enliſtments of the twelve regiments, &c. as publiſhed in the ſaid news-paper, bearing date the 13th of February inſtant; and by what authority he publiſhed thoſe votes partially, and under the claſſification contained in the ſaid news-paper; and alſo whether the ſaid editor is the author or not; and if not, who is the author of ſundry aſſertions, obſervations and reflections, immediately preceding and following the ſtatement of the ſaid votes, and publiſhed in the ſaid paper of and concerning the ſenate of the United States, and the members thereof in their official capacity."

(The "member" who moved the above, is ſaid to be the hon. Humphrey Marſhall, Eſquire.)

Reports are in circulation that *Mrs. Merry* intends ſhortly to go to Europe in conſequence of ſome very advantageous offers. If this be really the caſe, amateurs are of opinion, the New Theatre may go too!

BALTIMORE, March 4.

FROM THE TRENTON FEDERALIST.

Married, at Middleton (Monmouth) on the 15th inſt. Thomas Tilton, in the 76th year of his age, to Mary Lucar, in her 13th year. She is the daughter's daughter of Thomas Tilton's former wife; ſo that this huſband and wife, were at leaſt half grand-father and half grand-daughter.

—At the ſame place, a few weeks ſince, John Lucar, the brother of the above mentioned bride, to his half aunt, Catharine Clinton, widow, and the daughter of Thomas Tilton, the above named bride's groom.

Quere. If both the above pairs ſhould be bleſſed with legitimate iſſue (if their iſſue can be legitimate) how would genealogical readers rank them in the degrees of affinity, ſo that the term might clearly expreſs their nearneſs of kin?

March 5.

From an Alexandria paper.

CAUTION.

The money brought from New-Orleans by James Elliott and others, and which on examination proves to be counterfeit are of the United States paper—dated Philadelphia, February 1795, June 1796, April 1797, and February 1798, for the 100 dollar bills and marked A and E. The 50 dollar bills are poſt notes, dated Philadelphia, April 1798, and marked B. The bills are well imitated, but the paper inferior to that of the true bill; the ſigning hard to be known from the true bill, except the G, in the caſhier's name, and *Simpſon* are written larger and the ink paler than in the real bill—ſome of them are ſigned *John Kean*, caſhier.

The public are warned that a great quantity of this paper is in New-Orleans, and coming on to the United States.

Two men who arrived here in the ſchooner Two Brothers, from New-Orleans, were apprehended on Monday, for paſſing bills of the above deſcription—on examination, one of them was diſmiſſed, it not appearing he had paſſed any of the bills, and the other, (the above named James Elliot) kept in cuſtody for further examination.

March 6.

By captain Rich, arrived at Boſton from Leghorn, which place he left the 6th of December, we learn that the Auſtrians had inveſted Genoa, and by proclamation invited its inhabitants to ſurrender.

We underſtand, by the arrival of captain Matchet at Boſton, that admiral lord Keith had, by proclamation, declared Cadiz in a ſtate of blockade; but there was no fleet off the place.

A water manufactory is about to be eſtabliſhed in New-York upon an extenſive plan, by a Mr. Dillinger.

From Louiſville, January 21.

We are informed by a gentleman from Greenſborough, that colonel Hawkins had written to a gentleman on the frontier, by the Indian chief Big Beard, who was at Greenborough when our information left there, that the Seminoles, inſtigated by Bowles, were meditating miſchief againſt this ſtate; that they had made an attempt to kill colonel Hawkins, but were prevented by a party of the Cowetas and Cuſſetahs headed by Big Beard; that the Indians came in for the purpoſe of informing the inhabitants on the frontier that it was only the Seminoles that were for war, and that the Cowetas and Cuſſetahs were friendly and would endeavour to guard them from injury.

Annapolis, March 13.

IN SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES;

February 26, 1800.

A motion was made that it be

Reſolved, that the committee of privileges be, and they are hereby directed to inquire, who is the editor of the news-paper printed in the city of Philadelphia, called the General Advertiſer, or Aurora, and by what means the editor became poſſeſſed of the copy of a bill preſcribing the mode of deciding diſputed elections of preſident and vice-preſident of the United States, which was printed in the aforeſaid news-paper, publiſhed Wedneſday morning, the 19th of February inſt. and by what authority he publiſhed the ſame; and by what authority the editor publiſhed in the ſame paper, that the honourable Mr. Pinkney, a ſenator from South-Carolina, and a member of the committee who brought before the ſenate the bill aforeſaid, had never been conſulted on the ſubject; and generally to inquire the origin of ſundry aſſertions in the ſame paper, reſpecting the ſenate of the United States, and the members thereof in their official capacity, and why the ſame were publiſhed, and make report to the ſenate; and that the ſaid committee have power to ſend for perſons, papers and records, relating to the ſubject committed to them.

Sixth Congreſs of the United States,

At the firſt ſeſſion, begun and held at the city of Philadelphia, in the ſtate of Pennſylvania, on Monday, the ſecond of December, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-nine.

An ACT to ſuſpend in part, an act entitled "An act to augment the army of the United States, and for other purpoſes."

BE it enacted by the ſenate and houſe of repreſentatives of the United States of America in congreſs aſſembled, That all further enliſtments, under the ſecond ſection of an act entitled "An act to augment the army of the United States, and for other purpoſes," ſhall be ſuſpended until the further order of congreſs, unleſs in the receſs of congreſs, and during the continuance of the exiſting differences between the United States and the French republic, war ſhall break out between the United States and the French republic, or imminent danger of invaſion of their territory by the ſaid republic, ſhall, in the opinion of the preſident of the United States, be diſcovered to exiſt.

THEODORE SEDGWICK,
Speaker of the Houſe of Repreſentatives.
TH: JEFFERSON,
Vice-Preſident of the United States, and Preſident of the Senate.

Approved, February 20, 1800,

JOHN ADAMS,
Preſident of the United States.

Will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Monday the 7th day of April next, if fair, if not the firſt fair day, at the reſidence of the ſubſcriber, in Middle Neck, four miles from Annapolis,

SEVERAL young plough horſes, a number of black cattle and hogs, alſo the crop of Indian corn and fodder, and a parcel of bacon. The ſale to commence at 10 o'clock, and the terms made known at the time and place of ſale.

MARGARET PINKNEY.

March 10, 1800.

Nothing more certain than
TAXES,

SO ſays every one, and we all agree that they muſt be paid, but differ a little as to the *time* of payment; I ſay, and for unqueſtionable reaſons, it ought to be made early in the year, many erroneouſly think they may claim indulgence till the fall, and there are, perhaps a few ſtill more unreaſonable. The people of this county, however, deſerve much credit, for they generally pay county charges with cheerfulneſs, but I would recommend it to them to diſcharge their aſſeſſment ſome months ſooner in the year than has hitherto been the practice, poſitively the reſult would be to their advantage.

I wiſh it to be generally known that the accounts for the year 1799 are now due, they are ready for delivery, and ſhall be diſtributed as ſpeedily as poſſible, ſhortly thereafter I ſhall proceed, as the law directs, to complete the collection; in the mean-time I requeſt and truſt men will make early proviſion, and, if called from home, leave the money with ſome one of the family for the collector—to find the people thus prepared would really afford him great ſatisfaction.

Thoſe who attended the collector's meetings laſt year, and others who paid their accounts in Annapolis, will pleaſe to accept my thanks, it is intended to purſue the ſame mode this year, of which timely notice ſhall be given.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER.

Many, I truſt, will find it both agreeable and convenient to ſettle their accounts in Annapolis—in my abſence James Mackubin, Eſq; will receive money for me and give receipts. W. A.

JUST RECEIVED,
And to be SOLD at this office,
Price one eighth of a dollar,
The WILL
OF
General
George Waſhington.

NOTICE.

THE co-parnerſhip between MACCUBBIN and LOWE was diſſolved on the 6th of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-nine, by mutual conſent, all demands againſt the firm will be ſettled by

LLOYD M. LOWE.

Forty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 19th of October laſt, negro JACOB, 35 years of age, about 6 feet high, ſmooth face, high forehead, his wool growing in a peak leaves his temples bare, ſpeaks low and rather hoarſe; had on and took with him when he went away, a browniſh cotton coat, a blue coarſe ſhort coat with metal buttons, old breeches, oſnabrig ſhirt, and a match coat blanket; his Sunday apparel, a purple cloth coat with rimmed buttons, nankeen breeches, mixed worſted ſtockings, and half boots; he profeſſes to be a Methodiſt, and has been in the practice of preaching of nights; it is expected he is harbouring about the city of Annapolis, Weſt river, South river, South river Neck, or Queen-Anne, as he has a wife at Miſs Murdoch's. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid fellow in any gaol, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive the above reward, paid by

THOMAS GIBBS, living near Queen-Anne.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and others are forewarned harbouring, employing, or carrying off ſaid fellow at their peril. T. G.

March 7, 1800.

FOR SALE,

A COACHEE and harneſs, with or without a pair of HORSES. Alſo a large handſome horſe, fit for the ſaddle or draught. Inquire of the printer.

Annapolis, March 4, 1800.

UNION,

Will ſtand this ſeaſon at Mr. JOSEPH GALLOWAY's farm, on Weſt river, at the moderate price of four dollars each mare, and a quarter of a dollar to the groom, or in lieu of four dollars corn will be received at the ſelling price, to be delivered the 25th of November next, or the money paid.

UNION is a fine bay, upwards of fifteen hands high, five years old this ſpring, was got by the noted horſe Paymaſter, imported by general Stone, out of a well bred mare, whoſe pedigree I am not in poſſeſſion of. Great care will be taken of all mares that may be ſent, but will not be anſwerable for any accidents that may happen.

THOMAS GIBBS, jun.

March 5, 1800.

GIDEON WHITE,

HAS JUST RECEIVED, FOR SALE,

From LEE's and Co. Patent and Family Medicine ſtore Baltimore,

A freſh ſupply of the following valuable medicines:

DR. HAMILTON'S GRAND RESTORATIVE,

IS recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the ſpeedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which reſult from diſſipated pleaſures—juvenile indiſcretions—reſidence in climates unfavourable to the conſtitution—the immoderate uſe of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other deſtructive intemperance—the unſkilful or exceſſive uſe of mercury—the diſeaſes peculiar to females, at a certain period of life—bad layings in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extenſive experience to be abſolutely unparalled in the cure of—nervous diſorders, conſumptions, lowneſs of ſpirits, loſs of appetite, impurity of the blood, hyſterical affections, inward weakneſſes, violent cramps in the ſtomach and back, indigeſtion, melancholy, gout in the ſtomach, pains in the limbs, relaxations, involuntary emiſſions, ſeminal weakneſſes, obſtinate gleets, fluor albus, (or whites) impotency, barrenneſs, &c. &c.

This medicine is perfectly different in its qualities and operation from thoſe hot and irritating drugs ſo frequently propoſed for ſimilar purpoſes, and which only recommend themſelves by the dangerous rapidity of their effects, and which acting as temporary, but violent ſtimulus on the nervous ſyſtem infallibly produce greater evils than thoſe they are intended to remove.

The principal operation of this remedy is in the ſtomach, reſtoring the digeſtive powers, and ſending from that organ new health and vigour into every part of the ſyſtem; it enriches and purifies the blood without inflaming it; braces, without ſtimulating too violently the nervous ſyſtem; ſtrengthens the ſecretory veſſels and the general habit; brings back the muſcular fibres to their natural and healthy tone; and reſtores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations have deſtroyed, and whoſe loſs had thrown the whole frame into languor and debility.

The reſtorative is abſolutely above all recommendation in removing thoſe weakneſſes and infirmities with which many females are afflicted, the conſequences of difficult and painful labours, or of injudicious treatment thereid.

The moſt obſtinate ſeminal gleets; and the moſt diſtreſſing caſes of fluor albus in females fall particularly under the province of this reſtorative—ſpeedily yield to its benign operation, and are radically cured, by correcting and purifying the acrimonious humours, reſtoring a proper degree of tenſion to the relaxed fibres, and ſtrengthening the weakened organs.

In caſes of extremity where the long prevalence and obſtinacy of diſeaſe has brought on a general impoveriſhment of the ſyſtem, exceſſive debility of the whole frame, and a waſting of the fleſh which no nouriſhment or cordial could repair, a perſeverance in the uſe of this medicine has performed the moſt aſtoniſhing cures.

The grand reſtorative is prepared in pills as well as in a fluid form, which aſſiſts conſiderably in producing a gradual and laſting effect. Their virtues remain unimpaired for years in any climate.

DR. HAMILTON'S

Genuine Eſſence and Extract of Muſtard.

FOR the cure of rheumatiſm, gout, rheumatic gout, palſy, lumbago, numbneſs, white-ſwellings, chilblains, ſprains, bruiſes, acute and chronic rheumatiſm.

Many perſons have been much diſappointed by purchaſing medicines under the name of Eſſence of Muſtard, which are perfectly different from this remedy—the ſuperior qualities of which Dr. Hamilton begs leave to prove by the following cures, ſelected from a numerous liſt.

From captain Daws, Arch-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Dear Sir,

AS you think it will be uſeful, you are at liberty to publiſh my teſtimony in favour of Hamilton's Eſſence and Extract of Muſtard.

I have been about four years much afflicted with the rheumatiſm in my ſhoulders, and ſometimes ſo violently affected as to prevent me from moving my arms, and I was never free from ſevere pain in ſome part or other.—I have been at much expence, and tried a good deal of medicine to no purpoſe; I purchaſed a bottle of drops, advertiſed under a title ſimilar to your medicine, but experienced the moſt excruciating ſmart from its application, which obliged me to deſiſt.—At length I was adviſed by Dr. Biggs to try Hamilton's Eſſence and Extract of Muſtard, from which I found immediate relief, and by the uſe of three boxes and two bottles, I have recovered a ſtate of perfect health and ſtrength—I ſhall take a good ſupply to ſea, and never be without ſo valuable a medicine in my poſſeſſion.

I am, &c,

October 4, 1799. I. R. DAWS.

From Mr. Charles Willet, Plaſterer, Pratt-ſtreet, Baltimore.

Sir,

I SEND you the particulars of my cure by Hamilton's Eſſence and Extract of Muſtard, that you may make it known for the benefit of others. About two months ago I ſtrained my right knee ſo violently by a fall, that I was unable to walk without a crutch, I tried Britiſh oil, oppodeldoc and other medicines, but grew conſiderably worſe, and the part became inflamed and ſwelled to a conſiderable degree, when I was recommended to the Eſſence of Muſtard, and by uſing two bottles I was able to walk in leſs than a week, and am now as hearty as ever.

Dec. 30, 1799. CHARLES WILLET.

Mr. Henry Reeſe, Butcher, Proprietor of No. 24, Centre market-houſe, Baltimore.

Sir,

ABOUT two months ago, your valuable medicine proved of ſingular ſervice to me, I was not able to move from my room for upwards of a fortnight, with the rheumatiſm or rheumatic gout in my left foot and ancle, when Dr. Buchanan recommended the Eſſence of Muſtard, as the only medicine to be depended on, and directed me where to procure it, and by uſing leſs than a quarter of a bottle and a few of the pills, I was able to ride to market next day, and have been perfectly free from my complaint ever ſince.

Jan. 4, 1800. HENRY REESE.

Mrs. Mary M'Crae, wife of Mr. George M'Crae, grocer, Bond-ſtreet, Fell's Point, was perfectly cured (by perſevering in the uſe of Hamilton's Eſſence and Extract of Muſtard) of a rheumatic complaint of eleven years ſtanding. The greateſt part of laſt winter ſhe was unable to dreſs or undreſs without aſſiſtance, ſhe had the beſt medical advice both in Europe and America without effect.

DR. HAMILTON'S *celebrated* WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

Which have relieved upwards of eighteen thouſand perſons of all ages, within nine months paſt, in various dangerous complaints, ariſing from worms, and from foulneſs or obſtructions in the ſtomach and bowels—they are a remedy ſuited to every age and conſtitution, contain nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and are ſo mild in their operation that they cannot injure the moſt delicate pregnant lady, or the tendereſt infant of a week old, ſhould no worms exiſt in the body, but will, without pain or griping, cleanſe the ſtomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offenſive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal diſorders.

THE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated amongſt the faſhionable throughout Europe,

As an invaluable coſmetic, perfectly innocent and ſafe, free from any corroſive and repellent minerals, (the baſis of other lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing cutaneous blemiſhes of the face and ſkin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, pits after the ſmall-pox, inflammatory redneſs, ſcurfs, tetters, ringworms, ſunburns, prickly heat, premature wrinkles, &c.

The Perſian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, inſenſible perſpiration which is eſſential to the health—Yet its ſalutary effects are ſpeedy and permanent, rendering the ſkin delicately ſoft and ſmooth, improving the complexion and reſtoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handſome one, more ſo.

HAHN's ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

Celebrated for

Evacuating ſuperfluous bile, and preventing its morbid ſecretion—removing obſtinate coſtiveneſs, and reſtoring loſt appetite.

INFALLIBLE AGUE AND FEVER DROPS.

Thouſands can teſtify of their being cured by theſe drops, after the bark and every other medicine has proved ineffectual; and not one in an hundred has had occaſion to take more than one, and numbers not half a bottle.

DR. HAHN'S TRUE AND GENUINE GERMAN CORN PLASTER.

An infallible remedy for corns, ſpeedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

CHURCH's GENUINE COUGH DROPS,

A ſovereign, ſpeedy and effectual remedy in

Head-aches,	Sore throats,
Catarrhs,	Wheezings,
Shortneſs of breath,	Congealed phlegm,
Ticklings in the throat,	Spitting of blood,
Tightneſs of the cheſt,	Soreneſs of the breaſt and
Hooping cough,	ſtomach, &c. &c.

Aſthmas and conſumptions,

And all diſorders of the breaſts and lungs.

SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

Warranted an infallible and immediate cure at once uſing.

Being the moſt ſpeedy, effectual, and pleaſant remedy ever offered to the public, and for the ſatisfaction of the timorous, the proprietor *maketh oath*, that this ointment doth not contain a ſingle particle of mercury or any other pernicious ingredient in its compoſition, and may be uſed with the moſt perfect ſafety by pregnant women and on infants newly born.

PATENT INDIAN VEGETABLE SPECIFIC,

For the cure of

Venereal complaints of every deſcription.

An extenſive trial of near four years has proved the Vegetable Specific to be effectual in expelling the venerial virus, however deeply rooted in the conſtitution, and has reſtored health to many who have been brought to the grave, by the improper adminiſtration of mercury. Within this period upwards of four thouſand patients have experienced its ſalutary effects.

With the medicine is given a deſcription of the ſymptoms which obtain in every ſtage of the diſeaſe, with copious directions for their treatment, ſo as to accompliſh a perfect cure in the ſhorteſt time, and with the leaſt inconvenience poſſible.

Thoſe who wiſh to purchaſe any of the above articles are cautioned againſt the impoſition of inferior medicines, and to inquire for them only of *Mr. Gideon White.*

Wholeſale purchaſers allowed a liberal profit by addreſſing to Rd. Lee, and Co. Baltimore.

THE ſubſcribers being appointed, by the honourable Chancellor of Maryland, truſtees of RICHARD A. CONTEE, requeſt all thoſe who are indebted to ſaid Contee to make immediate payment, and thoſe who have claims to bring them in, legally ſtated, to

GASSAWAY RAWLINGS,
of Anne-Arundel county,
DENNIS MAGRUDER,
of Prince-George's county,
truſtees of Richard A. Contee.

Februaty 26, 1800.

THIS is to give notice, that the ſubſcriber hath obtained, from the orphans court of St. Mary's county, in Maryland, letters of adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of JOHN EVANGELIST POWER, late of St. Mary's county, deceaſed, all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame, with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber, at or before the firſt day of October next, they may otherwiſe by law be excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate. Given under my hand this 17th day of February, 1800. w 6

PHILIP POWER.

NOTICE.

WE, the ſubſcribers, having obtained letters of adminiſtration on the eſtate of THOMAS KELSO, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceaſed, do hereby give notice, that all perſons who have claims againſt ſaid eſtate are requeſted to bring them in, legally authenticated, according to law, and all thoſe who are indebted in any manner to ſaid eſtate are requeſted to make payment, to

CUMBERLAND DUGAN,
NICHOLAS R. MOORE,
Of Baltimore county,
Adminiſtrators.

A New Edition OF THE LAWS of MARYLAND,

Compiled by WILLIAM KILTY, Eſquire,
Attorney at Law,
Under the authority of the Legiſlature,
And now publiſhing by
FREDERICK GREEN, printer to the State.

Subſcriptions for the above mentioned publication are received by Meſſrs. Thomas and Caldcleugh, No. 141, Baltimore-ſtreet, Baltimore; by the clerks of the ſeveral counties, and by the printer hereof.

The ſubſcription to the above will be cloſed in May, and the price conſiderably enhanced to non-ſubſcribers, there being only three hundred ſets for ſale.

SETH SWEETSER,
Boot and Shoe Manufacturer,

RETURNS his ſincere thanks to the public, and his cuſtomers in particular, for paſt favours, and hopes they will ſtill continue to favour him with their cuſtom, as he ſtill carries on the buſineſs in all its branches in the neateſt and moſt faſhionable manner.

N. B. I have juſt received, from Boſton, a quantity of the beſt ſole leather and ſhoe thread, and a few barrels of New-England ſtuff ſhoes, all of which I will ſell on moderate terms.

S. S.

November 5, 1799.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be ſold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar,

The LAWS OF MARYLAND,

Paſſed November Seſſion, 1799.

In CHANCERY, March 1, 1800.

JOSEPH BECK,

Of Montgomery county, an insolvent,

MAKES application as a trader, by petition, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required, the chancellor is satisfied, by competent testimony, that he is at this time, and was, at the time of passing that act, a citizen of this State, and of the United States; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the first of October next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that, by causing a copy of this order to be insered once in each of three successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, before the end of the present month, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said first day of October, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication, (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, February 27, 1800.

WILLIAM WOOTTON BREWER,

An insolvent debtor of Anne-Arundel county,

MAKES application as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required, the chancellor is satisfied, by competent testimony, that he is at this time, and was, at the time of passing that act, a citizen of the United States, and of this State; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the first day of October next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette, before the last day of March next, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said first day of October, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication, (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, February 18, 1800.

JOHN BEARD,

An insolvent of Anne-Arundel county,

MAKES application as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required, and the said John Beard being a person known to the chancellor to be at this time a citizen of the United States, and of this State, and to have been such at the time of passing the said act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the fifteenth day of September next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, before the fifteenth day of March next, in the Maryland Gazette, he gives notice to his creditors to attend on the said fifteenth day of September, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication, (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to the next Prince-George's county court for a commission to mark and bound, under the act of assembly in such case made and provided, those two tracts or parcels of land called PERRIWOOD and BEALL'S HUNTING QUARTER, in which I have seizin. w 5

CLEMENT BROOKE.

February 7, 1800.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber, as guardian to GEORGE MAYO SELLMAN, a minor, intends petitioning the Anne-Arundel county court, at their next April term, for a commission to establish the lines and bounds of a tract of land called UNITED FRIENDSHIP, lying and being in said county, agreeably to an act of assembly of Maryland, passed November session, 1786.

JOHNZEE SELLMAN.

January 17, 1800.

NOTICE

IS hereby given to the sundry debtors to the estate of the late SIMON RETALLACK, blacksmith, unless they will pay off their several accounts, on or before the first of April next, to the subscriber, to enable her to settle the estate, that suits will commence immediately against such as will not comply.

ELIZABETH RETALLACK, Administratrix.

February 11, 1800.

William Caton,

TAKES leave to inform the public, that he intends, on the first of April next, to open tavern in that well known house formerly kept by Mr. GEORGE MANN, and now by Mr. JAMES WHARFE, in the city of Annapolis, and assures them, that he will always keep an assortment of the best liquors, and good waiters; and he will use his utmost exertions to give complete satisfaction, hopes for, and solicits, the patronage and encouragement of a generous public.

He has rented that elegant and commodious house now occupied by Mrs. MANN, where gentlemen, after the above mentioned time, may be accommodated in a private manner, separate from the tavern, by the year, month, week or day, and he pledges himself to those who think proper to honour him with their custom, that nothing shall be wanted on his part to merit their favours.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living near Mr. Walter Bowie's, in Prince George's county, State of Maryland, on the 15th of January last, a tall black man named CHARLES, a slim well set fellow, twenty years of age, about five feet nine or ten inches high, has a down look when questioned, and has lost both his little toes; I am informed he left the neighbourhood with an intention of going to Annapolis, which I think is very likely, as he has relations living in and near that place; he has probably changed his name and obtained a pass, and will endeavour to pass as a free man; had on when he went away, a white kersey jacket and breeches, yarn stockings, and a pair of coarse shoes; it is likely he may change his dress. If taken up within fifteen miles of home FIVE DOLLARS will be paid, if over fifteen miles TEN DOLLARS, and if exceeding fifty miles the above reward, with reasonable travelling charges for bringing him home, or FIVE DOLLARS for securing him in any gaol, and giving me information, so that I get him again. w 3

JOHN W. PRATT.

February 20, 1800.

Fifteen Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the 21st of February, a negro man named DICK, about forty years of age, five feet six inches high, round full face, large eyes, very bow legged, slow of speech, and fond of smoking a pipe, he is a methodist preacher; took along with him a country cloth coat, and one gray coloured, and breeches, two osnabrig shirts, short kersey coat and trousers, shoes nailed. Whoever takes up the said negro, and secures him in any gaol, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable charges, paid by me. w 3

HUGH DRUMMOND.

February 24, 1800.

I HEREBY certify that FIELDER POPE has this day brought before me a trespassing stray, bright bay horse, about seven or eight years old, trots, gallops and paces, a little shod before, has no perceivable brand or natural mark. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

January 24, 1800.

THOMAS BOWIE.

This is to give notice,

THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, letters of administration on the property of JAMES CADLE, sen. late of said county, deceased, all persons having just claims against said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers thereof, to THOMAS BICKNELL, of said county, on or before the 10th day of April next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 20th day of February, 1800. w 3

WILLIAM WALKER, Administrator.

Fifty Pounds Reward.

WHEREAS four or five of the boundaries (as marked and placed by the commissioners for marking and bounding the lines of WARBURTON MANOR and FRANKLAND, tracts of land in Prince-George's county) have been taken up and moved by some evil minded person or persons, the subscriber hereby offers a reward of *fifty pounds* to any person who will discover the person or persons who took up and moved away the said boundaries, so that they may be prosecuted to conviction for so doing, according as the law directs.

THOMAS A. DIGGES.

Warburton, February 5, 1800.

Notice is also hereby given,

THAT the subscriber having experienced great depredation upon his wood and timber, will prosecute any person who shall hereafter trespass upon his plantations and woods on FRANKLAND and WARBURTON MANOR, either on foot or horseback, or by driving of carts or waggons, ortherways than for the purpose of getting shad and herrings from his different fishing landings on Patowmack river and Piscataway creek; and he will also prosecute any person who shall, without leave for so doing, hale sein nets at his different landings above the tide mark after the 25th of March next.

THOMAS A. DIGGES.

Warburton, February 5, 1800.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, near Annapolis, a negro man named GEORGE, of about twenty-four years of age, is large, very black and remarkable, has a tooth out before, and the hair is mostly rubbed off his head; had on a sailor's dress, blue jacket and trousers; I expect he will aim to go to sea. Any person that will secure the said fellow in gaol and give Mr. SAMUEL SWAN, at Easton, or myself notice, shall receive the above reward.

EDWARD M'GEHEE.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are forewarned from harbouring or carrying off said fellow at their peril. w 3

February 20, 1800.

One Cent and one Old Leather Glove Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the first day of January last, an apprentice lad named SAMUEL LEWIS, about nineteen years of age. Whoever will take up said lad, and bring him home to the subscriber, living on Patapsco, in Anne-Arundel county, shall receive the above reward, paid by me

HENRY EVANS.

P. S. I do hereby forewarn all persons from harbouring or employing said apprentice at their peril.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intends to petition Charles county court, at March term next, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land, situate in Zachia Swamp, in Charles county, called FORTUNE'S RETREAT.

EDWARD EDELEN.

Charles county, February 11, 1800.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber hath obtained from the orphans court of Charles county, in Maryland, letters of administration with the will annexed, on the personal estate of captain WILLIAM FARR, late of said county, deceased, all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 21st day of July next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this sixth day of January, eighteen hundred.

ROBERT LAIDLER, Administrator
with the will annexed.

Laidler's Ferry, Charles county, Maryland.

N. B. The orphans court of Charles county having decreed, that the personal estate of the above-mentioned deceased shall be paid into the hands of Samuel Shaw, who intermarried with the surviving daughter (the only child then living) of the said William Farr, I, in consequence, feel it my duty to give notice, that I shall close the estate finally at the day above mentioned. R. L.

CHARLES FARIS,

Clock and Watch-Maker,

HAS received an assortment of warranted capped and jewelled and plain silver WATCHES, and a variety of other articles in his line, which he will sell at themost reduced price.

N. B. Highest price given for old silver.

For SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, called BEALL'S PLANTATION, and BATEMAN'S FIELD (being part of Snowden's Reputation Supported), containing by survey five hundred and seventy-six and an half acres, two hundred and thirty-nine of which are wood land, heavily timbered with chesnut and white oak; the remainder is cleared land, and has lain idle a number of years. The entire is well watered by springs, and a large stream that runs nearly through the centre of it.

This plantation is well adapted for corn, wheat, and particularly tobacco; is a most pleasing and desirable situation, and capable of great improvement, at a small expence. It is situated on the Head of South river, Anne-Arundel county, about three miles from navigable water, twelve from the city of Annapolis, twenty-five from Baltimore city, twenty-four from George-town, and about seven miles from the inspection houses of Indian Landing and Queen-Anne.

The terms will be made known by application to WILLIAM HARWOOD, Esq; Annapolis, or to the subscriber. SAMUEL BRANDRAM,
at Dr. Wm. P. Mathew
Baltimore.

October 23, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on 3d December, a negro man named SAUL, about 23 or 25 years old, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, yellowish complexion; his cloathing a blue over jacket, striped under jacket, and gray coating overalls; says he was bought from major SAMUEL CHAPMAN, of Charles county, by Messrs. WELLBORN and BLAKE, of North-Carolina. His owners are desired to pay charges and take him away, or he will be sold agreeably to law for prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of
Charles county.

December 5, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.